Suprachoroidal Administration of Small Molecule Suspensions:

Pre-Clinical Results Correlate to Clinical Trial Outcomes

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In-office access to posterior ocular tissues via the Suprachoroidal Space (SCS)



To understand the potential of the SCS







1. How do therapies compartmentalize?



Suprachoroidal injection of dye shows posterior circumferential spread around the globe in porcine model



Cross-section: Injectate spreads from scleral spur towards macula



Top View: Injectate immediately spreads from injection site to posterior tissues

Suprachoroidally injected axitinib (CLS-AX) shows compartmentalization and durability in rabbit model



RCS: RPE / Choroid / Sclera Source: *Translational Vision Science & Technology*, 2021, in press.

2. What drives durability?



Preclinical data of multiple small molecules support durability potential in the suprachoroidal space in rabbit models



Inlyta, EMA. 2012 May; CHMP assessment report

3. How do therapies reach the macula?



IOP > Anterior SCS Pressure > Posterior SCS Pressure: Drives uveoscleral outflow Also a driving force for macular distribution after SCS injection





Table 1. Spontaneous pressure measurements (mm Hg)

	Anterior cannula	Posterior cannula
IOP	9.4 ± 0.9 (9)*	9.2 ± 0.9 (10)†
SCSP	8.4 + 0.9 (9)*	$5.8 \pm 0.5(10)$ †
IOP-SCSP	0.9 ± 0.2 (9)§ ^{II}	$3.5 \pm 0.5 (10)$ §

OCT show anterior and posterior expansion of the SCS post-injection



Anterior Expansion Clinical Trial Subject



Posterior Expansion to Optic Nerve Head Rabbit Model



Sources: Lampen SIR, Khurana RN, Noronha G, Brown DM, Wykoff CC. Suprachoroidal Space Alterations Following Delivery of Triamcinolone Acetonide: Post-Hoc Analysis of the Phase 1/2 HULK Study of Patients With Diabetic Macular Edema. Ophthalmic Surg Lasers Imaging Retina. 2018;49(9):692-697. doi:10.3928/23258160-20180831-07, Add additional citation | Kansara VS, Cooper M, Sesenoglu-Laird O, Muya L, Moen R, Ciulla TA. Suprachoroidally Delivered DNA Nanoparticles Transfect Retina and Retinal Pigment Epithelium/Choroid in Rabbits. *Transl Vis Sci Technol.* 2020;9(13):21. Published 2020 Dec 15. doi:10.1167/tvst.9.13.21

Suprachoroidal injection of small molecule concentrations are similar in both retina and RPE / Choroid / sclera tissues



Leroy Muya, Yahya El-Kattan, Viral Kansara, Yarlagadda Babu, Thomas A Ciulla; Long-acting potential of suprachoroidally delivered BCX4161, a selective plasma kallikrein inhibitor, for diabetic macular edema. *Invest. Ophthalmol. Vis. Sci.* 2021;62(8):2194.

4. How do these concepts translate to clinical trials?



Preclinical bioavailability corroborated in efficacy of PEACHTREE Ph 3 trial for small molecule triamcinolone acetonide (TA)

Preclinical

Clinical Trial



CLS-TA: Investigational formulation, triamcinolone acetonide for suprachoroidal injection

Source: Gilger, et al, Treatment of Acute Posterior Uveitis in a Porcine Model by Injection of Triamcinolone Acetonide into the Suprachoroidal Space Using Microneedles, Physiology and Pharmacology

Preclinical safety & compartmentalization corroborated in PEACHTREE Ph 3 trial for small molecule TA

Preclinical

Clinical Trial



Suprachoroidal TKI (CLS-AX) now in Phase 1/2 Clinical Trial

Clinical trial currently enrolling

CASIS

Dose-escalating, open label study to assess the safety and tolerability of CLS-AX in treatment experienced wAMD patients



Suprachoroidal Injection of Small Molecule Suspensions

- Suprachoroidal delivery of small molecule suspensions demonstrate
 - prolonged therapeutic levels with potential for sustained release
 - compartmentalization to posterior ocular tissues
 - high bioavailability
- Currently, 5 clinical trials evaluating 4 therapies:
 - CLS-AX for wAMD
 - RGX-314 for wAMD
 - RGX-314 for DR
 - AU-011 for Choroidal Melanoma
 - CLS-TA/ARVN001 for DME (China)

Minimize exposure anteriorly

